that will pay for what they get easily secured by using Tee-Dee Want Ads. Cost

THE TIMES FOUNDED IN

WHOLE NUMBER 16,846.

RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1905.

PLAN OF EACH HAD ITS SUPPORT

Council Members Wanted Bryan's, School Men That of Blauvelt.

POWER OF COMMITTEE **FIXED BY RESOLUTION**

Successful Contestant Intimates That Unfortunate Competitors Might be Glad to Have the Whole Matter Reopened-Committee's Assurances.

the matter of the plans selected for the proposed new High Scool building, and it has developed that in the joint specia committee, the Council members voted solidly for the plans offered by Mr. Chas. K. Bryant and the representatives of the School Board for those of Mr. H. J. Blau-

Both are Richmond architects and stand well here.

The Council members are Messrs. Mills, Glenn and Whittet and they stuck to the Bryant plans throughout. Messrs. Ebel, Hutzler and Capers stood out for the Blauvelt plans. In the end, Major Capers, however, changed to the plans of Mr. Bryant, so that the matter would come before the Council and therefore they were selected to be reported.

The history of the effort to build a public high school structure which will be an ornament to Richmond, is interesting. The resolution was offered by Councilman Harry C. Glenn and in accordance therewith, a joint committee was named to act in concert with the School Board.

Resolution.

Resolution.

Resolution.

Following is Mr. Glenn's resolution:
"Be it received, by the Council of Richmond, That a committee of three from the Common Council and two from the Board of Aldermen be appointed to confer with the School Board as to the necessity of building a new high school and to ascertain full information as to plans, sites and cost for such a building as conditions require, and said committee to make a report to the Council as early as practicable.

Result of Conference.

Result of Conference.

The conference was held and some fif-teen plans were submitted. Finally the teen plans were submitted. Finally the following resolution was adopted:
"Whereas, this special joint committee from the School Board of the city of Richmond and the subcommittee from the special committee of the Council have examined fourteen sets of plans and specifications for the proposed new High School. Zuding submitted by as many cifications for the proposed new High School Zz-ding, submitted by as many architects; and "Whereas, we have at length earnestly

and diligently considered all of said plans and specifications; therefore, be it "Resolved, That we recommend to the "Resolved, That we recommend to the special joint committee from the Council for their consideration and decision the plans submitted by Messrs. Henry J. Blauvelt and Charles K. Bryant, both of Richmond, Va., which plans, in our judgment, are superior to any submitted, and the adoption of either of said plans will, in our opinion, furnish to the city of Richmond a strictly first-class and modern high school building.
"Bosolved further That we enter of

Richmond a strictly in a cern high school building.
"Resolved, further, That we enter of record our acceptance of the plans as decided upon by the special joint committee of the City Council."

The recommendation of the joint committee went to the Council, and was by that body referred to the Finance Committee. There it is at present.

Authority of the Committee.

Authority of the Committee.

The question has been raised as to the authority of the committee under the Glenn resolution in the matter of selection of a plan. By many it is construed to mean simply as delegating the authority of recommending a plan. Here is what the committee held out to the competing architects:

"The assurance of the committee is given to the competing architects that the plan which shall be adopted as first preference shall be the necepted plan when the appropriation is made, provided the building can be completed for the sum named, to-wit, \$200,000."

This is construed by Mr. Bryant and his friends, and many others not directly interested, as binding the committee and the Council to the plans selected by the committee.

Mr. Bryant Talks.

Mr. Bryant Talks.

Mr. Bryant Talks.

Mr. Bryant said last night:

"My plans were adopted as liftst preference. Some seem desirous to over-ride the action of this joint committee and to recopen the matter.

"It is not surprising that a defeated competitor should be willing to have the matter reopened and a new decision given by a committee of three architects, or indeed, anybody else. That is, if he is disposed to try to get around the award made by this joint committee, to which he and all other competing architects submitted their plans.

"It is easy for an architect to show a layman points in any plan, which may seem defects and objections, but which when explained and understood, prove to be otherwise.

Fault-finding generally is easy, It is

be otherwise,
Fault-inding generally is easy. It is
not always in good tasts.
"At the request of the local architects
this joint committee, members of the
Council and of the School Board, held a
conference with them, at which the following queries were responded to as indi-

POINTER ON THE WEATHER

OR ECAST-FO At 1 A. M. 60 55 50

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

Richmond's weather was fair and pleasant. Range of the Thermometer:

9 A. M. 71 6 P. M. 75

12 M. 82 9 P. M. 70

3 P. M. 81 12 midnight 69

Average 742-8

Highest temperature yesterday......
Lowest temperature yesterday.....
Mean temperature yesterday....
Normal temperature for May....
Departure from normal temperature.
Precipitation during past 24 hours... MINIATURE ALMANAC.

Organization Effected, Addresses Delivered and Reports Read.

WELCOME EVERYWHERE

Negro Boy, Pinned up With "Buck" Johnson Buttons, Led Delegation in Parade.

(Special From Staff Correspondent.)

EAVANNAH, GA., May 16.—"My Coun try, 'Tis of Thee," sung by three hundred voices marked the beginning of the sixteenth annual session of the Travel sixteenth annual session of the Travelers' Protective Association in the spacious armory of the Savannah Guards this morning. J. B. Young, of Evansville, Ind., and Eugene H. Clowes, of Richmond, Va., led the singing.

Prior to the opening of the convention there was a parade through the principal streets of the city, in which not less than a thousand participated. The local post lead the parade and the rear was brought

whose heads the sun beat down with pitliess fury, while there was scarcely sufficient breeze to stir the leaves of the green palmetto trees lining the walk-ways and gracing the many parks. Heading the Illinois delegation, and all

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

CATON WITHDRAWS FROM THE CONTEST

Convinced That Majority of the People Want Ellyson for Lieutenant-Governor.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
ALEXANDRIA, VA., May 15.—Delegate James R. Caton this afternoon announced his withdrawal from the contest for Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia. Mr. Caton has been in ill health for several weeks, during which time he was entirely unable to give the requisite amount of attention to his candidacy, and his statement was no surprise to the people of this city. After referring to the statement was no surprise to the peo-ple of this city. After referring to the hopes of success entertained in the in-

hopes of success entertained in the incipiency of his campaign, he says:

"Since then, however, I have, by correspondence and conferences with my friends in different sections of the State, become convinced that it is the desire of a majority at least of the Democrats of Virginia to honor Mr. Ellyson with the office to which he aspires, as an expression of their appreciation of his distinguished services, and that many of my friends, who have faithfully stood by me, also feel that Mr. Ellyson is entitled to this recognition by the Democratic party."

FIREMAN RUN OVER BY HEAVY TRUCK

Leg Was Crushed on Way to

lowing queries were responded to as indicated:

"First, Question and answer indicated that the competition would not be limited to Richmond architects, but that, all things being equal, Richmond architects would be preferred.

"Second, Question and answer fixed the fee and the "Third question was as follows:

"In order to facilitate the comparison of the drawings we recommend that the drawings be limited to one set for each competitor, consisting of 1-8 scale floor plans, with walls blacked in with link; 1-8-inch scale elevation of long side of building and one perspective, optional with competitor.

"All drawings made to the scale of 1-8 inch, one set of drawings from each competitor; floor plans and perspective in black and white. One perspective optional with competitor.

Statement to Architects.

Mr. William Mackie, call man of No. 1 can from his way to a fire, in endeavoring to jump aboard a truck in motion, fell and was run over, an wheel of the truck crushing his leg. Mr. Mackie was taken into the house of Mrs. A. L. Bradley, No. 713 North Twenty-fifth Street, where he was attended by Dr. Parker, and by the doctors of the ambulance corps, it was found that his leg was badly fractured.

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Mr. Mackie was taken into the found to was reported, was found that his leg. Mrs

black and white. One perspective options at with competitor.

Statement to Architects,

"At this conference the local architects were informed by the joint committee, (Continued on Third Page,)

We stake our reputation on the quality of our perfume. WAGNER DRUG CO. The Folial and Perfumery Druggist. Open all night.

to Engine House No. 1, on Twenty-fifth Street, near Broad.

He was reported resting well at an early hour this morning.

The alarm of fire was turned in at 12:30 A. M. from box No. 58, located at Themselve and Theoremselve and Theor

REPUBLICAN CAMP

fession of Failure of Protective Policy.

CABINET ITSELF IS BADLY DIVIDED

Party Leaders Criticise President and Express Astonishment at Announcement by Secretary of War-What Some High Priests of Protection Have to Say.

(Special to The Times-Dispaica.) WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16 .- Secre tary Taft's public announcement that the Isthmian Canal Commission will purchase naterial for the construction of the water preference for American goods and without restriction as to American bottoms raised the biggest kind of a row in the Republican party. It begins in

At least one important member of the Cabinet is known to have expressed the greatest astonishment that this policy should have been adopted and announced, without first submitting it to all of the

It is pointed out by the "stand pat ters," who are mad through and through, that the President, in directing this announcement, has involved, on his own judgment and that of only one of his Cabniet ministers, the entire protective policy of the Republican party, and practically announced to the world that it is a failure in so far as it raises prices to home consumers.

announcement of this policy as an assault on the policy of protection, and that in the house of its friends. Senator Bur-

in the house of its friends. Senator Burrows, one of the high protectionists of the West, is also very much concerned at the announcement.

Representative John Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, the "high priest of protection," is also astounded at the situation as developed, and Representative Grosvenor, the "wet nurse of the situation as developed, and representative Grosvenor, the "wet nurse of the situation as developed, and representative Grosvenor, the "wet nurse of the situation as developed, and representative Grosvenor, the "wet nurse of the situation as developed, and the situation as developed, and protection in the situation as developed and the situation as developed the situation as developed to the situation as developed, and situation as developed, an

any such policy.

It is also thought that General Moody
and Secretary Hitchcock would have advised against it. The President's supporters would have been Seretaries Taft and Morton and Postmaster General Cor-

and Morton and Postmaster General Critelyou.

The most important argument put forward by the administration advocates of the action is that the minority party would have had ample ground for criticism and cries of scandal and fraud if the Isthmian Canal Commission had not bought the material necessary for construction in the cheapest market.

Incidentally, the announcement is likely to bring a flood of protests from American manufacturers, who have contributed liberally to the Republican campaign fund.

tributed liberally to the Republican campaign fund.

The revisionist view of the situation is that the high protectionists have brought this on themselves, and that the administration points out very plainly to the plain people the futility of a high tariff

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF UFA BADLY INJURED

(By Associated Press.) USSIA, May 16.—Majo Sokotovsky, governor-general of the pro-vince of Ufa, was fired at several times and seriously wounded this morning in the public garden during an entertain-ment. His assailant disappeared. Gen-eral Sokolovsky's life is despaired of, though he retains complete consciousness. Vice-Governor Bogodanovitch has taken over the administration of the province.

RIGA, EUROPEAN RUSSIA, May 16.—
Two policemen were killed by unknown persons at midnight near Guisenberg Park. A bomb was thrown at a police patrol, with the result that a police commissioner was wounded and a policeman was killed. A policeman, who was among those who pursued the bombthrowers, was shot and killed by the assassins who were armed with revolvers.

STEAMSHIP CARONA ASHORE OFF SANDY HOOK

Leg Was Crushed on Way to

Early Morning

Fire.

A most unfortunate accident occurred on Twenty-fifth Street early this morning.

Mr. William Mackle, call man of No. 1
Engine Company, while on his way to a fire, in endeavoring to jump aboard a truck in motion, fell and was run over, a wheel of the truck crushing his leg.

Mr. Mackle was taken into the house of Mrs. A. L. Bradley, No. 713 North Twenty-fifth Street, where he was attended by Dr. Parker, and by the doctors of the ambulance corps. It was found that his leg was 'hadly fractured.

Mg. Mackle is jummarried and Tives

MAN PATTERSON TO GO

NEW YORK, May 16.—A large steamship, believed to be the Cunard liner Caronia, which salted Pross.)

NEW YORK, May 16.—A large steamship, believed to be the Cunard liner Caronia, which salted this afternoon for Liverpeol, is aground of Sandy Hook. She lies on the north edge of the main ship channel directly opposite the Sandy Hock observation tower, and is resting easily. The fog prevents a positive identification of the ship, but there is little sea running, and she is in no danger.

The vessel must have grounded about 4130 P. M., as the observer at Sandy Hook heard a large steamship, believed to be the Cunard liner Caronia, which salted this afternoon for Liverpeol, is aground of the Sandy Hook. She lies on the north edge of the main ship channel directly opposite the Sandy Hook. She lies on the north edge of the main ship channel directly opposite the Sandy Hook. She lies on the north edge of the main ship channel directly opposite the Sandy Hook. She lies on the north edge of the main ship channel directly opposite the Sandy Hook. The Caronia, which salted the Cunard liner Caronia, which salted this afternoon for Liverpeol, is agrounded to be the Cunard liner Caronia, which salted the sagrounded to be the Sandy Hook. She lies on the north edge of the main ship channel directly opposite the Sandy Hook. The Caronia part of the ship, but there is little sea running, and she is in no danger.

The vessel must have ground

NAN PATTERSON TO GO ON STAGE, SAYS REPORT

(By Associated Press.)
PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 16.—The
Inquirer to-morrow will say that Nan
Patterson was in this city to-day, and
signed a contract to appear in a New
York music hall. It is said she arrived
after the negotiations had been closed,

May be Out of Banks. The river will be eight feet above the high water point some time to-day. The water is about thirteen feet at Columbia.

BANKS WARRING ABOUT CLOSING

Panama Decision Con- Clearing House Orders "Close Saturday Midday or Resign."

FIVE BANKS WILL OFFER NEW RULE

Committee Has Been Appointed to Straighten Out Trouble. Until It Reports No Action Will be Taken by "Outside Banks."

"Banks and trust companies clearing hrough members will be given until Saturday, May 10, 1905, to either sign or re fuse to sign the resolutions outlined in section 30 and 4, respectively, of articles of the association, and fallure on the part secretary of the association on or before that day shall be considered as their decision to cease clearing through the Rich mond Clearing House Association."

The above circular letter, which has heen sent to each of the banks and banking concerns of Richmond, means that the Richmond Clearinghouse Asso-ciation has decided that its members and their dependencies must either close at midday on Saturdays or leave the asso-ciation.

clation.

There are several banks that are not members of the association, but who "clear" through large banks that are members. The rule applies to them as well as to members. Colonel William H. Palmer, presiden

of the Richmond Clearinghous

of the Richmond Clearlighouse Associa-tion, when seen last night, said:
"We have no desire to injure any bank or banking concern. Our clearinghouse has adopted certain rules and we ask the members to abide by the rules. That is the whole affair. Some years ago the 12 o'clock rule was adopted by unani-mous consent of all the banks, and unless all go back to the old plan of keeping long hours on Saturday, it is unfair for long hours on Saturday, it is unfair for one or two to do so. Some of the banks think that we are going beyond out authority. I can only say that we are only saying to them. "If you belong to our glearinghouse you must ablde by its

Will Move Carefully.

Will Move Carefully.

"We have, however, no desire to act hastily in the matter, and so we have appointed a committee consisting off Mr. Ellett, president of, the State Bank; Mr. John Skelton Williams, president of the Bank of Richmond, and Mr. Miller, vice-president of the First National Bank. Those gentlemen will report and nothing will be done until their, report has been acted upon by the clearinghouse. Nothing will be done until May 25th, and probably the time will be even later."

Mr. Ellett, president of the State Bank, and chairman of the committee appointed to consider the matter of closing hours on Saturday, said that nothing had been decided and that the newspapers were going too fast in the matter. He was busy visiting the various banks on yesterday afternoon, and talking with their officers.

The story is that the Main Street banks close at midday on Saturday and that they realize that if the bruach banks on Broad Street, Church Hill and Fulton, and the Broad Street Bank keep open

they realize that if the branch banks on Broad Street, Church Hill and Fulton, and the Broad Street Bank keep open until 8 P. M. on Saturdays, many deposits will be lost.

It is said that Broad Street Bank, organized some three years ago, has taken away some three-quarters of a million dollars yearly from the down-town institutions.

Now the Bank of Richmond has opened

(Continued on Tenth Page.)

BAPTISTS OF NORTH AND SOUTH MEET TOGETHER

Attendance Very Large-Permapent Organization to be Effected.

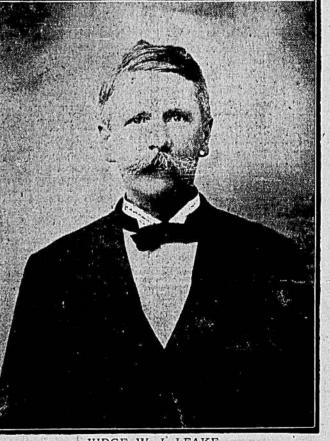
Effected.

ST. LOUIS, MO., May 16.—For the first time in sixty years the Baptists of the North and of the South met in a general fraternal convention to-night at the Third Baptist Church and the actual attendance so far exceeded the expectation of the Committee on Arrangements that it was necessary to hold an overflow meeting in the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church a few blocks distant. Governor Joseph W. Filk, of Missouri, delivered an address of welcome to the delegates. Rev. G. W. Truett, of Texas, spoke on "Bellefs and Principles of the Baptist Church." Sessions of the general convention will be held to-morrow when recommendations looking to the permanent organization will be submitted by the committee appointed at the meeting held in New York last January. Should the report of the committee be adopted the permanent organization will immediately be perfected. The object of the general convention being fraternal, having in view the discussion of the questions of vital interests to the Baptist. urch, its function will not be executive but its decisions will have much weight in church affairs.

10 WANTHELP TO-DAY.

The 19 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows: 8 Trades. 3 Domestics. 1 Salesman. 5 Office.

3 Miscellaneous. This not only interests those out of work, but those desiring to in prove their positions as well.



JUDGE W. J. LEAKE.

Prominent Lawyer Major Takes the Place of One for Myers's Temporary Successor.

MAKES CLEAR STATEMENT

Thinks Trained and Practical Railroad Man Will Finally be Selected.

As predicted in The Times-Dispatch of yesterday, Judge W. J. Leake has been elected president of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad to act until the stockholders' meeting which takes place in the autumn.

counsel in 1888, then as director in 1892 and now as president. At various time during the adsence or illness of Major Myers, Judge Leake

years connected with the railroad, first

has acted as president of the road, and is therefore perfectly familiar with its management. It is an index of the high regard in

which he is held by the directors that he has been urged to undertake the operation of the road.

When seen last night Judge Leake talked freely to a Times-Dispatch man:

the stockholders meet, and I am quite the stockholders meet, and I am quite sure that the position will not be tendered me. I think, and, indeed, I am sure that a trained railroad man will be the choice of those who control the situation. The directors have done me a great honor in requesting me to assume control temporarily, and I appreciate their regard, but I repeat that I am not a candidate for the position.

Stevens and Walters.

Stevens and Walters.

"When the directors met last night Mr. Stevens and Mr. Walters were both absent. They are both in Europe, and the board did not care to act in their absence. Their advice will be most valuable, as they are familiar with the conditions in the South, and the man they recommend would likely be chosen as president. In addition to this, Mr. Samuel Rea, fourth vice-president of the Pennsylvania Raliroad, and president of the Richmond-Washington Company, the holding company that controls the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and Washington-Southern Raliroad, is about to sail for Europe, and so nothing could be done. In this emergency I was asked to accept the presidency temporarily.

"My duties will not be extraordinary, for the affairs of the road are in excellent condition. We have just finished the double track as far as Quantico and for six miles beyond on the Washington-Southern division.

Agreeable to Virginia.

"I can state that the six roads that control the stock of the companies are anxious to appoint a man who will be agreeable to the State of Virginia, and agreeable to the State or Virginia, and as a proof of this you will recall that they, have mude Mr. J. Taylor Ellyson State proxy, a director of the Washington-Southern road so that he could be in a position to protect the State's in-

terest."

In reply to a question if he had any idea who would be made permanent president, Judge Leake said:

"I have no idea who will be selected, nor do I believe any one knows, not even the discourse."

nor do I believe thy one above the directors.

'In my opinion it will be a man skilled in raliroad work. I think Mr. Walters will have much to do with the selection.'

From other sources it is learned that it is more than probable that an official of the Pennsylvania Raliroad will be sent here to succeed Judge Leake. If he should insist upon declining re-election.

Charged With Perjury.

Charged With Ferjury.

(By Associated Press.)

COVINGTON, GA., May 16.—Chief of Police Bradford Bohannon and Policeman P.

W. Skelton were arrested to-day on warrants charging them with gerjury in conmention with the recent gambling raid nection with the recent gambling raid in this city. They were placed under \$100 bends.

CHRIST

Which Jefferson Drew the Plan.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONIES

Bishop and Clergy in Procession Through the Street.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA., May 16.—
Christ Church, the large and handsome new stone house of worship erected by the Episcopal communicants of Charlottesville and vicinity, to replace the old church, the plans of which were drawn by Thomas Jefferson, while he was a member of the vestry, was consecrated this morning, on the eve of the one hundred and tenth annual session of the Episcopal Council of Virginia.
The strvices began at 11:30 o'clock, and were led by the Rt. Rev. R. A. Gibson, Bishop of the Diocese, assisted by the Rev. H. B. Lee, rector of Christ Church; Rev. Robb White, of Stanardsville, Va.; Rev. W. H. McGee, of Albemarle, and Rev. H. H. Williams, of Charlottesville. There were present at the exercises many of the leading clergy of the Diocese of Virginia, among them the following; Revs. Thomas Semmes, of St. Andrew's, Richmond; F. A. Meade, of Gordonsville; Landon R. Mason, Grace Church, Richmond; Parnel Le Cross, of Rapidan; G. Otis Meade, Ohrist Church, Richmond; William T. Elimer, of Orange; Dr. John Moncure, city missionary, Richmond; J. W. Ware, of Eastville; Ernest E. Osgood, of Brookhill, Richmond; George P. Mayor, of Boonesville; Edward Wall, of Berryvillie; W. N. Tillinghast, of Washington; Frederick W; Neve, of Ivy; Edgar Carpenter, of Cismont, R. A. Valentine Jones, of Clismont, R. A. R. C. Cowling, of Yancey Mills; John Ridout, of Richmond, and J. F. Burks, of Occupatia.

The New Edifice.

The new edifice, which is tasteful and ecclesiastical, was designed by McDonald, of Louisville, Ky., and was erected at a cost of \$40,000. It includes a main aid, of Louistic Applications and a cost of \$40,000. It includes a main auditorium, with a seating capacity of \$60; organ loft and choir room, a Sunday school room, with a seating capacity of 200; a spacious chapel house for the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, vestry room,

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

SHIPPERS FORCED TO ACCEPT ARMOUR RATES

President of Company Admits That It Has Monopoly in Several Sections.

Several Sections.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, which is investigating railrodd rates, President Geo. R. Robbins, of the Armour Car Lines Co. to-day admitted that the company had twenty of thirty exclusive contracts with railroads for fruit transportation business and acknowledged a monopoly of that traffic in parts of the West and South. Whersever these exclusive contracts applied he admitted, the producers and shippers of fruit had to accept the rates laid down by the Armours. He claimed that his company was a private one and therefore not subject to the interstate commerce laws. The Armours, he said, had exclusive contracts with all the South Atlantic Coast State Railways and exclusive contracts with all the South Atlantic Coast State Railways and exclusive contracts in East Tennessee.

Fruit producers and shippers on these exclusive contracts had to accept the rates and the called it his duty to respond to remain the visibility of the Armour company, but Mr. Robbins said they satisfied eight per cent of the shippers.

C. W. Robinson, representing the New Orleans Board of Trade, and the Central Yellow Pine Lumber Association, testified that costern trunk lines should be restrained from diverting grain of the restrained from diverting grain of the rothwest from its natural outlet at New Orleans. He advocated enlarged powers for the Interstate Commerce Commission.

MARTIN AND MANN SPEAK TOGETHER

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Their First Appearance Before a Staunton Audience.

JUDGE MANN TELLS WORK OF MANN BILL

Senator Martin Makes a Similar Speech as That at Other Places, Explaining and Defending His Record in the United States

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) STAUNTON, VA., May 16 .- Judge Willam Hodges Mann, candidate for Governor, and Senator Thomas S. Martin adlressed a large and enthusiastic meeting here to-night in the Corporation Courtcoom. To-night is the first time that neared before a Staunton audience during he present campaign, and the courtwas packed with their admirers long before the appointed hour for the

speaking.

These gentlemen arrived on the early thain from Harrisonburg and were royally received by their many friends.

Judge Mann was introduced by Mr. Wm. A. Pratt, chairman of the city Democratic Committee, in a short and polished speech. Judge Mann commenced his address by ataling that he wished to correct an erroneous impression which seemed to exist that in the canvass he only stood for the principles of the Mann bill. That if people who had this impression would look at his amouncement published in April, 1904, they would find the issues outlined which were now being upheld by the other candidates; that he stood for the improvement of high schools in the counties, ard, indeed, one in each district, and if elected Governor, he would recommend \$500,000 in addition to the present amount to be used for school purposes and that to be used for school purposes and that he believed that the *cocipts to the State for the year 1996 would permit this appropriation without any increase of

Practical Roads.

Practical Roads.

He favored the establishment of a State department of roads to be in charge of competent road builders.

Judge Mann said that he would not attempt to make any apology for his action on the Mann bill or for his record. He said the bill was bused upon the decision of the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia; that a court on application for liquor license had nothing to do with for liquor license had nothing to do with the question of public policy, but could protect the pecuniary interest of a single man and his family. He said that he did

protect the pecuniary interest of a single man and his family. He said that he did not have any criticism to make of the court, although agreeing with that construction of the law, but as the Court of appeals had stated that the question of public policy and morality were for the legislature, he took up the matter and embodied those two ideas into the present law regarding the words suitable, convenient and appropriate in the old law. He said the bill was not passed at the time it was offered because he wanted to test public sentiment, as he did not think such a bill passable unless backed by a strong public demand. He said his bill was endorsed officially by three great Christian denominations and demanded by the strongest public sentiment which any act of the Legislature ever had behind it.

An Effective Bill.

An Effective Bill.

An Effective Bill.

Judge Mann said that the effect of the bill during two years it had been in operation had been to close 767 county saloons, to decrease crime and promote the safety and happiness of the rural communities. He said it had increased the revenues \$215.000 and has worked so satisfactory that no candidate has yet advocated its repeal. Judge Mann closed his speech by saying that he was a Democrat and had never voted any other ticket and that when the sun went down on the night of the primary that he would either be the standard-bearer of the Democratio party to carry it to triumphant victory or one of the men behind the guns to fight for the success of the nominee. Judge Mann made many friends while here.

while here. Martin Speaks.

while here.

Martin Speaks.

After Judge Mann had spoken for one and a half hours, Senator Martin was introduced by Mr. Pratt. The senator was heartily applauded when he came forward. His was a plain, direct and modest exposition of his record as a senator, and a direct refutation of the charges made against him by the Governor, whom he referred to as "my opponent" or "my competitor."

His speech was very much on the line of his other speeches, delivered during the campaign. He expressed regret that his competitor, in his speech made at Spotsylvania Courthouse, and in different places in Virginia, had seen fit to characterize his services in the Senate as simply those of a department runner and executive clerk.

He expressed the hope that he would be able to go through this campaign without indulging in epithets or using offensive or disparaging language about his opponent. He said it was true that a large share of his time and a large portion of the time of every other senator was devoted to correspondence and to business in the departmenta at Washington; that the Virginia people fraquently had large interests in the departments, and experience demonstrated that it was absolutely necessary for them to have the assistance of the genators in the dispatch of business of this kind.

He called it his duty to respond to requests of this sort, and believed he had been able to render material service aimost every day for Virginians who called upon him for assistance. He said he would never feel at liberty to ignore responsibilities of this sort, but was at all times at the service of the Virginia people whenever they needed him, either at the departments or on the floor of the Senate.

Referring to the statement made by the Governor that he had voiced against.